NEW YORK HERALD, TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1803.

## THE SIEGE OF CHARLESTON.

Arrival of the S. R. Spaulding at Fortress Monroe.

**NEWS TO FRIDAY MORNING LAST.** 

Operations of the Combined

Our Batteries Have Breached Fort Sumter.

The Fall of Charleston Deemed Certain.

The Grand Attack to Have Taken Place Last Sunday, the 16th inst.,

FORTRES MORROR, August 16, 1863. ner S. R. Spaukling arrived this morning from

On Thursday evening the Monitors were all stripped and prepared for action, and at daylight on Friday the asteries on Morris Island opened their fire, which lasted in hour or two, and then ceased.

The Monitors did not fire a shot, and as soon as the tories ceased firing the Monitors put up awnings. No

planation is given for this movement.

The strongest confidence is expressed of a favorable

on Friday morning he saw several shots strike Fort Bumter, causing bricks and morter to fly profusely. One of our officers, who left Morris Island on Friday, mys that upon receiving instructions in regard to conveying news by Quartermaster Dunton, he seked him, "What ster replied, "Tell them that a great battle will come here on Saturday, the 15th, or Sunday, the 16th imst.

### Mr. W. H. Stiner's Despatch.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 16, 1863.
With painful anxiety and interest we await tidings from the attractive and bloody field of battle before harleston, and every walf of news having the slightest coaring upon the scenes enacting at the hotbed of treason object it is immaterial to mention—which were expected to return in a few days; and, as a matter of course, every

and more direct intelligence.

At a quarter past four o'clock yesterday afternoon the
teamer New York, Captain H. W. Chisholm, came to
mechor at the Quarantine ground, outside of the naval
mardship, and was compelled to remain there until a ate the harbor. As soon as the familiar proportions of his favorite steamer were sighted a large growd as em-ied on the wharf, anxious to hear the latest news from he Southers "seat of war." It was not until after six continers "seat of war." It was not until after six occit that the medical examination of the New York concluded, and the ship's officers allowed to come here. Then was the real disappointment felt. To be interrogations put to the nawly arrived persons the New York the answer "that everything was the fact leaked out that before leaving the fact leaked out that before leaving the officers and crews of vessels are alghed, if not sworp, to maintain the strictest se sy regarding affairs there. Still, in the face of all this Bumter. Fort Wagner gives our men considerable trou-ble. Still, our brave troops, trained by McClellan in the terrific peninsula battles, bear up under such difficulties

wrest heroically, and, white plying the pick and spade, even find time to bandr jokes.

Numerous guns are mounted and in position. The "regular approaches" to Sumter are progressing alowly, but with terrible surety, and in a very few days we shall

arrive at the culminating point.

The strictness of General Q. A. Glifmore's orders relative to publishing news from his department prevents your correspondents transmitting their minute despot," thus leaving the task of furnishing the readers of accond-hand d to your correspondent in this department. But, while I deem it of great importance and justice that as anxious public should be apprised of good news as olating any order of a general commanding, and there-General Gil more or those issued by the War Department

and ling range guns are playing have on its waits, and it is stated that the site expected to our batteries is already breached. If this is the case the cleaded whomes the galfouce of our glorious starry banner, at the outbreak of

on Friday morning, and arrived here at a quarter past officers and grew of this vessel were also prohibited conveying any information; but at the same time they speak very hopefully of affers there, thus confirming all I have

Charleston are merely a matter of time, and the period will doubtless close with, if not before the end of, this mouth. Otherwise the news from Merris Island is unimportant. The weather is reported to be more favorable there than at this place. The heat is by no means as intense, and the nights are levely. The main cause of suffering among the trough is the absence of ice, and the government and sanitary commissions abould at once despatch everal eargues of this refreshing luxury to our hereic defenders, which would be prized very highly by them. Lamons eargues of lasts remaind very highly by them. Lectons and oranges are also articles highly valued by troops in the field, and a bountiful supply shipped to Morris Island.

San Francisco, August 15, 1968.
Accounts come via Los Augusts of the discovery of a

Accounts come via Los Angeles of the discovery of a very rich and exteenive gold mining region in the San Prancisco Meuntains, lying east of the Colorado river.

The La Paz and other recessity formed mining companies on the Colorado have been described for new mines. The inter are described as a new California.

There is general complaint among the growers of vegetables and fruits, the supply being greatly in excess of the demand. Bankets of plums and excellent peaches are sold for about two cents a pound, which will scarcely pay the cost of gathering and sending to market. Every day large quantities of fruits and regulables are through away for the want of buyers.

Sailed 12th inst., ship Golden Gate, Delane, Callao, and Last, ship Triumphant, Field, for do.

## NEWS FROM NEWBERN, N. C.

Secting of Loyal Citizens at Washing-Rebel Organs.

N. C., on the 11th inst. The Pirst North Carolina Union regiment, stationed at that point, participated in the

Addresses were made and recountons accepted express-ing sympathy with the "great conservative party of North Carolina; declaring an energetic prosecution of the war in this department to be the only means by which the Union sentiment in the interior of the State can be jurisdiction; asking the government for reinforcements for this purpose; accusing the robel government of per-fldy and cruelty towards. North Carolina: declaring that her people are therefore absolved from any further obligation to sustain it; placing the responsibility for the destruction of slavery upon Jeff. Davis and his oc-conspirators against the Union; expressing the belief that

Secretary of the Treasury.

Brigadier General J. N. Palmer is now in command of
the Eighteenth army corps, with his beadquarters at

city on the 11th instant, under a flag of truce, to inquire as to the truth of the reports of ill treatment of his pri-soners confined here, and was informed that not only

lishes from the Raieigh Masdard of July 31 an able ar-ticle, four columns in length, denouncing the treachery of the reboi loaders, showing the falsity of their promain in the hands of the confederacy, and proposing that North Carolina, in her sovereign capacity, make imme-

### The Attack on the Rebel Government by the Raisigh Standard.

Washington, August 17, 1863.
The Raleigh (North Carolina) Standard, received here from the Second district of North Carolina, now the Speaker of the House of Commons of that State, and Hon, F. B. Satterthwaite, the President of the Governor's Council of that State, and published with the approval of and charges them with being the authors of all the pend-ing difficulties, and with having brought them on cuting the war the federal government has done us it could have been expected to do; and, finally, pro-

within the past low days seventeen large steamers have arrived at that port, having run the blockeds, loaded with stores for the rebel army, among which are 96,000 English rides, 160,000 army blankets, 131,000 ready-made uniforms, 23,000 cases of ready-made army shoes, eleven

## NEWS FROM BRAZIL.

Operations of the Rebel Privateers of Three More American Ships-Two d and the Other Turned Into a Pirate-Celebration of the Fourth of ession of Brigilian papers to the 5th of

The captain of the Swiss bargklise, which arrived yes, terday from New York, states that he met, near the lefand of Fernando de Noronha, a steamer which approached him, substituting as she came up the North American fing for the Fresch, which she had floating from her masthead. She then sent an officer on board to ascertain the nationality of the Fise. The captain, however, could not learn the name of the steamer, or whether she was a federal or Confederate vessel

she was a federal or Confederate vessel

The Correio of the 4th says—

the greatest free Power of the world to-day colebrated the eighty-seventh anniversary of the declaration of its independence. In 1756, when the United States separated from the narrate government, it conversely possessed a population of three millions of inhabitants. This hand fail of freemen, energies and industrious, became the enclass of a great and powerful nation, which has now increased to more than thirty-one militons of inhabitants. Unfortunately a frairfeided war—a struggle of giants—a wasting in barron and deplorable efforts that indomitable energy by means of which or a safter of North America have occupied a frait plant among nations. We sincerely trust that Divine Providence, at inquisting moles produce, may put an end to such an unfortunate dissension. This is the wish of every Brazilian.

The same paper, of the 20th of June, says—

It is reported that the Conrad, which was captured by

that vessel, and not destroyed.

The ship Sunrise has arrived at Liverpool from New York. She was captured by the Florida in latitude 40 North, longitude & West, but was released on a ransom

## SHOCKING CATASTROPHE.

Burning of a Sheddy Mill at Cohose Twenty-five Females Missing-Fifteen Reported Burned to Death.

mation reached here this afternoon of the destruc-Information reached here this afternoon of the destruc-tion by flip of Hurst's shouldy mile at Cohees, and the burning to death of fifteen of the female operatives. The flames spread with fearful rapidity, and the only means of escape left the girls were the windows. Some were so ferror stricken that they abandoned themselves to their fate and perished in the building. Others fall from the windows into the fire below; and many were builty injured by jumping to the ground. Twenty five are mis-sing, filteen of whom are reported to have been burned to death.

## MEADE'S ARMY.

Reconnoissance of the Rebels in Force.

Probable Evacuation of Culpepper and Gordonsville by the Enemy.

Reported Revolt of the North Carolina Troops,

Mr. F. G. Chapman's Despatch.

yesterday forenoon and came within our lines. He reports that on Wednesday morning the whole of Gen. Lee's army, with the exception of Gen. A. P. Hill's corps, moved from Culpepper Court House by the Fredericksburg road.

bel infantry and cavalry, with some artillery, made is appearance on the south bank of the Rappahannoc ve Falmonth. Another story is that they crossed at dericksburg on Friday night, but I consider the re-

in from the rebel lines, and all confirm the stories of the government, and say that the common talk in Lee's

any violent demonstration by this movement towards Fredericksburg; but rather that he is making a show of

General Homphreys, who is temporarily in command of of their designs, and I may say, without trespassing upon forbidden ground, that such disposition of our own force

Marshal is being filled very acceptably in his absence by Colonel George Sharpe. The stories set affect from Washington that General Patrick was about to leave the posi-tion he has so long and so ably filled are without foundation, though, should the exigiencies of the service re-quire him to take command of a division, the ability and experience of Colonel Sharpe would point to him as the

The full of heatifities for the test few weeks has been The full of hostilities for the past few weeks has been selved upon by the friends of various officials to prepare suitable testimonials of esteem. Captain Page, Quartermaster at general hostiquarters, was yourerlay made the recipient of a beautiful sword, such and belt by the employes of his department. And a committee of army officers have obtained leave to And a committee or army officers have obtained lower to go to New York to procure a sword for Major General Heade. From the amount raised for the purpose, and the taste of the officers forming the committee, it is expected that the present will be one of the most costly and beau

much as it points to the termination of our term of non-action. We are all momentarily expecting orders to pull

This morning the enemy made a demonstration on the left of our army, and heavy cannonading ensued for some time. No intelligence concerning the results have movement was nothing more than a reconnoissance in

Lee's army is reported to be moving in a southeasteriy course, and there can be no doubt that the region about Culpepper and Gordonsville will soon be entirely evacu

## HEADQUARTERS, ELEVENTH ARMT CORES, August 14, 1860.

In lied of semething more important to do, we have actually sunk into the "utter insignificance" of feeding the citizen rebels of this neighborhood. I say citizen rebels, because no matter how apparently sincere a man may be, if he is a native, he is looked upon in the light of a rebel, or a sympathizer with those who openly fight plications become that it was found necessary to adopt a regular authorized system in the matter. Hence rotes and regulations have been established whereby the na

Court Martinia and Sentences.

OBERRAL OLDERS—NO. 73.

HEADOLANDERS, AREY OF THE POTOMAC.

CARN NACE GERMANTOWN, Va., August 7, 1922. ;

I. Before a general court martial, convened at headquarters, Second division, Twelfth corps, in pursuance of
General Orders No. 49. of June 22, 1863, and of which
Licoteonant Colonel Eugene Powell, Sixty-sixth Otho Volunteers, is President, was errayred and tried Second Lieuteers, is President, was errayred and Fried Second Lieuteers, is President, was errayred;
Charge 1—Cowardice in the presence of the enemy
Charge 1—Cowardice in the presence of the enemy
Charge 2—Absence without leave in the presence of the
soems.

Charge 2—Absence without leave in the presence of the cosmy.
Finding—Of the first charge, guilty; of the second charge, guilty.
And the court does therefore sentence him, the said Lieutenaut Valentine Hitchcock, Company U, One Hundred and Eleventh Penneylvania Volunters. 'to be cashered, and the came, crime and place of abode, and punishment of the delinquent, be published in the seess papers in and about the camp, and of the particular State from which the offender came, or where he usually resides."

II. Before a sentence court martial convened at head.

aides."

Il. Before a general court martial, convened at head-quarters, Third division, Sixth corps, by virtue of Special Orders Nos-28, 166 and 114, of which Brigadier General Alexander B. Shaier is President, were arraigned and

the service of the United States."

III. Before a general court martial, convened at head-quartars. Second origade, First division, Sixth coape, by virtue of Special Orders No. 44, July 29, 1863, of which Colonel C. S. Edwards, Pitth Maine Volunteers, is President, was arraigned and tried private Thomas Jewett, Company D. Fitch regiment Maine Volunteers.

By command of Major General MEADE.
S. WILLIAMS, Assistant Adjutant General.
Official—Chas. E. Prass, Assistant Adjutant General. The Homicide of the Late Col. O'Brie

The Law in Relation to the Entistsucht of Minors.
SUPERME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Access 17.—At the sitting of the Court yesterday moraing Heary Tilton was brought before the beach on a writ of habess corpus and certiorari. From the swern testimony before Justice Kelly of Anna Maria Hatthews, which was submitted to the Court by Mr. Garom, Ass

subsequently the said accused was seen emerging from Colonel O'Brien's home with a trunk on his shoulder.

The prisoner had been held to bail by Justics Keily in the sum of two thousand dollars, and his counsel made a strong appeal to the Judge in his behalf, arging that it was case of very great hardship to delain a man under such circumstances, particularly as the woman who consed him had admitted that she had had a quarrei with him, and that induced her to make the complaint. Counsel also contanded that the commitment was tregular.

After some argument between the prisoner's counsel and the Assistant District Attorney, the Judge decided to dismass the writ and remand the prisoner's counsel and the Assistant District Attorney, the Judge decided to dismass the writ and remand the prisoner's counsel and the Assistant District Attorney, the Judge decided to commitment shall be made out.

MINORS DISCHARGED.

The cases of Henry Rikor and Patrick Graham, who were produced before the Court by writs of habeas corpus, were next called up. These youths had been solitated in Colonel Byrne's cavalry regiment, and their discharge was claimed on the ground of their being under age.

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Judge Peckham said it was his intention to deal court they were under age.

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Judge Peckham said it was his intention to deal court to the former answer was not sofficiantly satisfactory, and he supposed that Colonel Byrne was ignorant of the responsibility which he had incurred.

Colonel Byrne replied that he was perfectly aware of his responsibility. He had tried so bering the boys into court, but a regular officer in the camp would not give

Heavy firing has been distinctly heard since three o'clock this morning in a southeasterly direction, apparently in the neighborhood of Banka' or United States Ford, or possibly as far away as Fredericksburg. The firing is rapid and constant. A battle is evidently going on. Large bodies of troops were moving yesterday—marching and by rail; and that our advance has come up with the eveny may safely be inferred from the noise this morning.

Rebel Recommotanamee in Force.

Washington, Aggust 17, 1865.

This norming the enemy made a demonstration on the content of the proposition of the interest of the same in the observant for one that the content of the conten

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING. -- A man series James residing in Washington, D. C., was arrested City yesterday afternoon, charged with abdu DISCOVERY OF TREASURE -On Saturday afteruous, as

Gonn to Dnam at an Ox.—George Bough, a native of Ireland, sped twenty dive years, died at Helicvue Hospital yeteriay, from the effects of injuries accidentally received on the 18th sustant, under the following droum stances—becased, it appears, were pessing along First ovenue, when his attention was called to an infuriated or which was dashing madly along the street, to the great danger of several women and children. The animal had already knocked down a man and a child, and was proceeding through the attent at a furfour rate, when deceased volunteered to place a rope around its horns. The nonescover tentions was procured at a neighboring grouty store, and Bough was in the act of stipping the nones over the horns of the animal, when it turned upon him and gored him so eachy that he died yesterday in oursequence of the injuries.

Accident in the Lower Bay-Nakow Pacars room Inouvisio—A Noniz Act.—During the suddon and heavy specific Sounday afterscon a small cat-faged beat, containing tour gentlesses well known in this city, was capsized in the lower bay, opposite Yellow Plains. After remaining in the water heavy two hours they were remained by Mr. Brady, of Navy street. Brooklya, who, after several unaucoessful attempts, in which the came hear being his own life, he succeeded in bringing the half-lower in party safely to the shore. Mr. Brady is deserving of great credit for his perseverance and humane conduct, and will be the recipient of a handsome token of exteen from the recover gentlemen.

## THE DRAFT.

Proclamation by Governor Seymour

Governor Seymour has prepared a proclamation, warp og all citizens against any diorderly conduct when the

According to announcement, the draft to this city wil take place in the Ninth ward, Sixth district, at No. 185 authorities in order to be prepared for any emergency which may arise during the progress of the drawing.

Yesterday a nomber of United States troops were sent to
the headquarters in Sixth avenue. The effice of the

Provest Marshal is situated on the third floor of the

The actual routine to be pursued in making this draw-ing will be the same as hitherto pursued. There are now curefully revising the enrolment lists, so that everything may be in readiness for the work to-morrow morning. Captain James W. Farr is the Provost Marshal of the district. As before, the drafting will take place by wards. In the Sixth district there are the Ninth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards, the former ward having the preference in the drawing to morrow. Uni-forms and the other appurtenances necessary for con-scripts are provided in the building, so that there will be no trouble met with on this head when the drafted indi-

vidual comes forward to be duly installed as a soldier of the United States. In the Second, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Eighth districts the draft is also ordered, Colonel Nugent having received instructions to that effect from Washing ton. It is probable that the drawing will not commence in those districts until next week, as it will take some

draft, the government has provided ample means to put down any disturbance which may arise. Governor's laimd and the other different rendezvous in the barbor are expected from Washington to day. Of course the draft, as to the constitutionality, the fessibility of peacefully enforcing it, and other matters connected therewith, is the great question of discussion now agitating the public in every locality throughout the city. However, one thing is certain the draft in New York city recommences to morrow morning at ten ockook.

Invitation to Attend the Draft.

Invitation to Astend the Draft.

To the Septon of The Rehald.

Headquaktens, Provost Marchal.

Styre Doract of New York,

186 Styre Avesus, New York, August 17, 1863.

The drafting of persons liable to military duty, to dit the quota required under the orders of the President of the Chited States, will take place at the headquarters of the Sixth district, on Wednesday, the 19th bestant, at ten choleck A. M. You are invited to be present. Very respectfully, yours,

Captain and Provost Marshal Sixth district New York.

The Brooklyn One Million Dollar Con-

The Board of Contracts and Special Committee of the Common Council held a meeting in the Mayor's office yes. terday morning for the purpose of taxing action in relation to the one million dollar loan. The banks having declined to take the loan, and the subsequent appeal to the public having remained unanswered, it became necessary to take some action, in view of the fact that the draft will take some action, in view of the fact that the draft will probably be commenced in the city some time next week. There being no quorum of the committee, no denuite action could be taken. It appears, however, that the course pursued by the New York Commen Council meets with favor, and it was flashly declined to hold a meeting of the Brooklyn Burd of Aldermen on Weinesday evoning, when the re-obtions perviously adopted will probably be reconsidered, and such action taken as may be deemed necessary to procure sufficient money, with the view of relieving poor men with large families from the rigors of the draft.

The Conscripts at Riker's Island. General Jackson has come on from the take command at Riker's Island, where the conscripts from this State are now located. Captain John Concery, of the One Hundred and Seventieth New York State Volunteers, and Captain D. L. Sullivan, of the Striy minth New York State Volunteers, both of the Corcoran Legion), have arrived in town, being sent on to look after the conscripts. They report at Riker's Island.

The Draft in Buffalo and Dunkirk.

The draft in this district the Thirtieth-was con on Saturday, without the least difficulty.

firafting for the thirty-first district commences to Dun-

Account, Me., August 17, 1965.
On Saturday last a young man who had charge of the records of exemption in the surgeon's department, and a sergeant who was employed in the office, were arrested by order of the Provost Marshal, on the charge of having been engaged in filling out and disposing of freadulent certificates of exemptions for pecuniary consideration. But the of these certificates in all were issued, and the whole sum received therefor in all were found in the whole sum received therefor in all were found to the official sum and the whole sum received therefor the official sum of the prought to a speedy trial.

Nebracka and Dakota Exempt from Draft.

The administration has determined to suspend all operations under the Conscription act in Nebraska and Dakota. There will be innecliately forwarded. The prelam has been granted in view of the exposed condition of the frontier to Lodian depredations, the already large proportion of troops formiched by Nebraska and the sparse population.

THE HIERT-SPUENT REGISERY.

GENERAL OCCUR.

Harrogeneral, Triert accesses Recipiers, J.

National Green, New York: Asquar 12, 1862.

The order issued for the parade of this regiment on Wednesday morning, the 19th unit, is hereby countermanded.

In obedience to division and beignde order of this date, this regiment will assemble at the argumy, 460 Bread way, on Tuesday, the 18th lost., at seven a object P. M., as full faigure, with the versace and due day's rathese. By order of Counter Charles HOOME.

A. G. Mornouser, Adjalana.

# COUNT NICOLAR OF GIORGI, MINISTER OF HIS MA-JACTY THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA AT WASHING-TON.

mann a short time three, on account of ill health, and to the regret of his numberious friends, after having repre-sented for about twenty-five years the Austrian government in this country, requested the Minister of Foreign Affairs at Vienna to be relieved from his office.

According to information received from Wachington, his successor is Count Nicolas de Georgi, who a few days forty five years old, and belongs to one or the oldest notice families of Austria. As soon as he finished his stodies at the college named "Theregianum," at Vinna, which was founded by the Empress Maria Thereas, in the year 1714, for the education of young noblemen, he ontered noto the diplomatic service, and has been attached in difforest capabities, among others to the missions in Spain, Portogal, Naples, Sexony, Brazil, and lately be had a Fortugal, Napies, Sextony, Brazil, and lately to had a spacial mission in the East. He persesses not only high orders of the sovereigns of said and other states, which were given to him before leaving their respective countries, as an acknowledgment of his distinguished services, but also the Emperial Austrian Order of Leopoid, which was founded by the Emperor of his name in the year 1000, and is conferred by the monarch only for very important services readered to the country. only for very important services rendered to the country.
Count Giorgi is also Chemberlain of his Rejesty the
Stopperor of Austria, and is familiar with seven languages.
The appointment of such a detinguished diplomat is
the best proof of the high appreciation in which the
importal government holds its friendly relations with
the United States.

Opnored Robisson, of the United States Army, Brigadier
General J. S. Carr. Lectionant J. Johnson, Captain F. W.
Logies, of Star Francisco, R. C. Sowen, United States Mest
Agont, and James J. Johnson, of Militarisho, art stopping
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ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

THE WAR IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

Nicaragua Preparing to Assail Honduras.

PROSPECTS OF THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

Commissioners from Honduras to Washington.

FAILURE OF THE INDIGO CROP,

The steamship America, Jeff. Maury commanding, from reytown on the 6th inst., arrived at this port had

## Our Nicaragua Correspondence.

St. JCAN, NICARAGEA, August 8, 1863.
The War in Central America—Progress of the Strice—Gathering of Troops in Honduras—Preparations in Nicaragua for the Invasion of Honduras—The Transit Imbroplic—Commissioners Sent to Washington to Arrange It-Failure of the Indigo and Coffee Crops, de.

news from the seat of the Central American war. troops, eight hundred strong. On their retreat they were reinforced by General Lucio Alvarado. They rallied, again attacked the the Guatern leans, routed them and retired to Teguicigalpa. So much of them.

Nicaragua has been busy in preparing for the expedition against Honduras. The expedition is entirely unpopular. Invasions, as a general rule, are disastrous. Add to it a poorly fitted out expedition, through a hilly and deserted country, under the necessity of carrying a large train of commissary stores, in the midst of the rainy season— with officers little acquainted with the topography of the country, and little confidence in the expeditions themselves, you can easily perceive that the public mind has been, during the last fourteen days, in a state of great excitement. Contradictory rumore to suit the nearly hourly. Your correspondent has been travelling in Spanish-American countries long enough, and, as they

tide. The party surveyed the roote between the two lakes and declared it practicable.
They seem as accordable addition to their party to Mr. Maximiliano von combensten, a Cerran civil envisor, who has made a very fine and derrect man of Nourage, having seem fearly two years to the surveys, it appears by it that a cased in practicable between facts the nearly and and fearly could be explicit and minute survey of this line.

Mr. Lore and come of the party stay with the government in regard to the arrangement of the old Belly grant, or a new one. The root of the engineers loave by the ment dry significance for England.

The regard to Trainest mothing has been done here. The government on the most account the proper most access to the here.

Vincer Sav, Nicaragua, August 4, 1865.

The material for building the first persons of the telegraph line from Virgin Bay to the Pacific Ocean did not come to Lead until the Esta bit, in which day I suspended the first wire ever reason for telegraphic purposes in Central Assortion except at Paname. This portion of the line will be first and the Alexander. The portion of the line will be defined and ready for use in a few days. At the opening of the like I hope to have the President and government of the reposition present, so that the first meanages may be sent by the President.

Early in faily Thomas, the ex-American, with a Saiva torian first under his command, entered the port of manages, took at the command, cancered the port of manages, took at the command, after remaining but a therifical line left, carrying of with him the Culton Holder officer and commander of the force.

Agent, and James J. Jennine, of Milwaukee, are clopying at the Environmental Index.

How. J. has A. Curiey, ex-Member of Congress, a wind dangerously ill at his home, next Lack Ent., Odes.

Major General Horry passed through Evancylor, Ind., the Curies american finate in Lack Ent. Details on Liverstay last, on his wife home, accompanied by his with him against the Coursal american finates. They on the law the wife of with his wife home accompanied by his with him against the Coursal american finates. They on the law the wife of the coursal american finates in and approximentally the property of Nicaragon.